

**Table 10-2**  
**Potential ARARs**

Item No.	Potential ARAR	Description of Requirements
1	35 IAC 620.405 (Illinois Groundwater Quality Standards)	Prohibits any person from causing, threatening, or allowing release of contaminants to groundwater resulting in exceedence of groundwater quality standards.
2	35 IAC 620.410 (Illinois Groundwater Quality Standards)	Class 1 groundwater standards (in general equivalent to a drinking water standard or the MCL).
3	35 IAC 620.250 (Illinois Groundwater Quality Standards)	A groundwater management zone (GMZ) may be established for a three dimensional region containing groundwater being managed to mitigate impairment caused by the release of contaminants from a site: (1) That is subject to a corrective action process approved by the Agency; or (2) For which the owner or operator undertakes an adequate corrective action in a timely and appropriate manner. The GMZ suspends the groundwater quality standards during the period of remediation until the groundwater quality standards have been attained.
4	35 IAC 620.260 (Illinois Groundwater Quality Standards)	Any person may petition the Illinois Pollution Control Board to reclassify a groundwater in accordance with the procedures for adjusted standards specified in Section 28.1 of the Act and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 106, Subpart G. In any proceeding to reclassify specific groundwater by adjusted standard, in addition to the requirements of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 106, Subpart G, and Section 28.1(c) of the Act, the petition shall, at a minimum, contain information specified in this section.
5	35 IAC 302.208 (Illinois Surface Water Quality Standards)	Numeric Surface Water Quality Standards are established for the protection of human health and aquatic life. The Mississippi River is not provided any specific surface water designation; therefore, the general use water quality standards would be applied. The general use water quality standards provide criteria for the protection of aquatic life (acute and chronic) and human health.
6	35 IAC 302.210 (Illinois Surface Water Quality Standards)	Waters of the State shall be free from any substances or combination of substances in concentrations toxic or harmful to human health, or to animal, plant or aquatic life. This regulation includes those constituents without a promulgated standard in 35 IAC 302.208. These derived water quality criteria may be found on IEPA's web site ( <a href="http://www.epa.state.il.us/water/water-quality-standards/water-quality-criteria.html">http://www.epa.state.il.us/water/water-quality-standards/water-quality-criteria.html</a> ) and will include any additional criteria that IEPA develops to address specific chemicals associated with the Sauget Area 1 Sites for which derived criteria have not been calculated already.
7	35 IAC 301.108 (Illinois Water Quality and Pollution Control regulations general provisions)	The Illinois Pollution Control Board may grant an adjusted standard to an applicable regulatory standard for persons who can justify such an adjustment consistent with subsection (a) of section 27 of the Illinois Environmental Protection Act.

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8	35 IAC 724.191 (Illinois RCRA Hazardous Waste regulations (Subpart F General Groundwater Monitoring Requirements similar to 40 CFR 264.91))	<u>Required Programs:</u> Owners and operators subject to Subpart F must conduct a monitoring and response program as follows: 1) Whenever hazardous constituents pursuant to Section 724.193 from a regulated unit are detected at a compliance point pursuant to Section 724.195, the owner or operator must institute a compliance monitoring program pursuant to Section 724.199. 2) Whenever the groundwater protection standard pursuant to Section 724.192 is exceeded, the owner or operator must institute a corrective action program pursuant to Section 724.200. 3) Whenever hazardous constituents pursuant to Section 724.193 from a regulated unit exceed concentration limits pursuant to Section 724.194 in groundwater between the compliance point pursuant to Section 724.195 and the downgradient facility property boundary, the owner or operator must institute a corrective action program pursuant to Section 724.200
9	35 IAC 724.192 (Illinois RCRA Hazardous Waste regulations (Subpart F General Groundwater Monitoring Requirements similar to 40 CFR 264.92))	<u>Groundwater Protection Standard:</u> The owner or operator must ensure that hazardous constituents under Section 724.193 detected in the groundwater from a regulated unit do not exceed the concentration limits under Section 724.194 in the uppermost aquifer underlying the waste management area beyond the point of compliance under Section 724.195 during the compliance period under Section 724.196.
10	35 IAC 724.193 (Illinois RCRA Hazardous Waste regulations (Subpart F General Groundwater Monitoring Requirements similar to 40 CFR 264.93))	<u>Hazardous Constituents:</u> The Agency must specify in the facility permit the hazardous constituents to which the groundwater protection standard of Section 724.192 applies. Hazardous constituents are constituents identified in Appendix H of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721 that have been detected in groundwater in the uppermost aquifer underlying a regulated unit and that are reasonably expected to be in or derived from waste contained in a regulated unit, unless the Agency has excluded them under subsection (b) of this Section.
11	35 IAC 724.194 (Illinois RCRA Hazardous Waste regulations (Subpart F General Groundwater Monitoring Requirements similar to 40 CFR 264.94))	<u>Concentration Limits:</u> The Agency must specify in the facility permit concentration limits in the groundwater for hazardous constituents established under Section 724.193. The following must be true of the concentration of a hazardous constituent: 1) It must not exceed the background level of that constituent in the groundwater at the time that limit is specified in the permit; or, 2) For any of the constituents listed in Table 1, it must not exceed the respective value given in that Table if the background level of the constituent is below the value given in Table 1; or, 3) It must not exceed an alternative limit established by the Agency under subsection (b) of this Section.

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12	35 IAC 724.195 (Illinois RCRA Hazardous Waste regulations (Subpart F General Groundwater Monitoring Requirements similar to 40 CFR 264.95))	<u>Point of Compliance:</u> The Agency must specify in the facility permit the point of compliance at which the groundwater protection standard of Section 724.192 applies and at which monitoring must be conducted. The point of compliance is a vertical surface located at the hydraulically downgradient limit of the waste management area that extends down into the uppermost aquifer underlying the regulated units.
13	35 IAC 724.196 a) (Illinois RCRA Hazardous Waste regulations (Subpart F General Groundwater Monitoring Requirements similar to 40 CFR 264.96 (a)))	<u>Compliance Period:</u> The Agency must specify in the facility permit the compliance period during which the groundwater protection standard of Section 724.192 applies. The compliance period is the number of years equal to the active life of the waste management area (including any waste management activity prior to permitting, and the closure period.)
14	35 IAC 724.197 (Illinois RCRA Hazardous Waste regulations (Subpart F General Groundwater Monitoring Requirements similar to 40 CFR 264.97))	724.197(a) - The groundwater monitoring system must consist of a sufficient number of wells, installed at appropriate locations and depths to yield groundwater samples from the uppermost aquifer that fulfill the following requirements: 1) They represent the quality of background water, 2) They represent the quality of groundwater passing the point of compliance; and, 3) They allow for the detection of hazardous waste or hazardous constituents that have migrated to the uppermost aquifer. 724.197(c) - All monitoring wells must be cased in accordance with this section. 724.197(d) - The groundwater monitoring program must include consistent sampling and analysis to ensure a reliable indication of groundwater quality below the waste management area. The program must include procedures and techniques for the following: 1) Sample collection; 2) Sample preservation and shipment; 3) Analytical procedures; and 4) Chain of custody control. 724.197(e) - The groundwater monitoring program must include sampling and analytical methods that are appropriate for groundwater sampling and that accurately measure hazardous constituents in groundwater samples. 724.197(f) - The groundwater monitoring program must include a determination of the groundwater surface elevation each time groundwater is sampled. 724.197 (h) and (i) - Specifies the statistical methods that may be used in evaluating groundwater monitoring data and performance standards for each statistical method
15	35 IAC 724.199 (Illinois RCRA Hazardous Waste regulations (Subpart F General Groundwater Monitoring Requirements similar to 40 CFR 264.99))	<u>Compliance Monitoring Program:</u> An owner or operator is required to establish a compliance monitoring program to meet the requirements of this section.

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16	35 IAC 724.200 (Illinois RCRA Hazardous Waste regulations (Subpart F General Groundwater Monitoring Requirements similar to 40 CFR 264.100))	<u>Corrective Action:</u> An owner or operator is required to establish a corrective action program in accordance with this section.
17	35 IAC 212, Subpart K (Illinois Air Pollution regulations)	Measures need to be implemented to control fugitive dust emissions so that there will be no visible emissions at the property line and fugitive dust emissions do not exceed 20% opacity. Control measures typically include the application of water or other dust suppressants during clearing, grubbing, and grading.
18	35 IAC 309.102 (Illinois NPDES Storm Water regulations Analogous to 40 CFR 122.26)	Storm water discharge requirements are applicable to activities at the Sauget Area 1 Sites involving disturbance of cover in an area of 1 acre or more total. The types of controls typical to SWPPP include, but are not limited to: storm water run-off conveyances, diversion dikes, sediment fences, sediment traps, limitations on the size of disturbed areas, and sequencing of construction to minimize and control disturbances.
19	35 IAC 309.202 (Illinois Construction Permits )	Required State construction permit for any new water treatment works, sewer or wastewater sources or any modification to existing treatment works, sewer or wastewater sources.
20	10 CFR 230.10(a), (b), (c) and (d) 40 CFR 230 Subpart H (USEPA Clean Water Act regulations)	The discharge of dredged or fill material into Waters of the United States, including jurisdictional (adjacent) wetlands, is prohibited if there is a practical alternative that would have less adverse impact. No discharge shall be permitted that results in violation of state water quality standards, violates any toxic effluent standard, and/or jeopardizes an endangered species or its critical habitat. No discharge will be permitted that will cause significant degradation of Waters of the United States. No discharge is permitted unless mitigation measures have been taken in accordance with 40 CFR 230, Subpart H. Compensatory mitigation for loss of wetlands shall be provided for wetlands > 0.25 acre. Compensatory mitigation shall be at a ratio of 2:1 for restoration, 4:1 for creation and enhancement, and 10:1 for preservation.
21	40 CFR 230.10 (a)-(d) 40 CFR 230 33 CFR 320 (USEPA Clean Water Act regulations)	The discharge of dredged or fill material into Waters of the United States is prohibited if there is a practical alternative that would have less adverse impact. No discharge shall be permitted that results in violation of state water quality standards, violates any toxic effluent standard, or jeopardizes an endangered species. No discharge is permitted that will cause significant degradation of Waters of the United States. Mitigative measures must be implemented in accordance with 40 CFR 230, Subpart H.

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22	16.U.S.C. 661 et seq., (Sections 661-663 and 668) (U.S. Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act)	Activities that modify water bodies must consult and coordinate with the U.S. Department of the Interior to ensure that the activity conserves wildlife resources and prevents the loss and damage to such resources.
23	16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq., Sect. 7(a)(2) (U.S. Threatened and Endangered Species Act)	Actions that jeopardize the existence of a listed species, or result in the destruction or adverse modification of critical habitat, must be avoided or reasonable and prudent mitigation measures taken. The lead agency must determine whether threatened and endangered species or their critical habitat are present and conduct informal consultation with the U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service. Determination that threatened and endangered species or their critical habitat may be impacted by the proposed action requires preparation of a biological assessment to determine the extent of any possible impacts.
24	520 ILCS 10/3 (Illinois Endangered Species Protection Act)	Prohibits actions that result in takings of state-listed species, such as actions that jeopardize the continued existence of a listed species or result in destruction or adverse modification of its critical habitat.
25	40 CFR 6.Appendix A Executive Order 11988 (USEPA NEPA regulations; Federal Agencies Executive Order on Floodplains)	Activities that are taken within a floodplain shall avoid, to the extent possible, the long- and short-term adverse effects associated with occupancy and modification of floodplains. Measures shall be taken to mitigate adverse effects of actions in a floodplain, including measures to reduce the risk of flood loss, minimize the impact of floods on human safety and health, and restore/preserve the beneficial values of the floodplain. Structures constructed in a floodplain shall meet the standards and criteria set forth in the regulations promulgated by the Federal Insurance Administration pursuant to the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968.
26	35 IAC 724.118 b) (Illinois RCRA Hazardous Waste Permit Program regulations similar to 40 CFR 270.14(b)(11)(iv))	Any RCRA Subtitle C TSDF located within a 100-year floodplain must be designed, constructed, and maintained to prevent washout.
27	35 IAC 703.184 d) (Illinois RCRA Hazardous Waste regulations (Subpart B General Facility Standards – Location Standards similar to 40 CFR 264.18(b))	Engineering analysis required to indicate the various hydrodynamic and hydrostatic forces expected to result at the site as a consequence of a 100-year flood; Structural or other engineering studies showing the design of operational units and flood protection devices (e.g., floodwalls, dikes) at the facility and how these will prevent washout.

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28	17 IAC Part 3700 (Illinois Department of Natural Resources (IDNR)-Construction in Floodways of Rivers, Lakes and Streams)	Applies to all rivers, lakes and streams under the department's jurisdiction. Construction in the floodway of any stream serving a tributary area of 6,400 acres or more is subject to this part. Construction activities in the floodway must be permitted (3700.40). However for construction other than levees, the worst-case analysis does not involve flood events in excess of the 100-year frequency flood. Floodplain construction that occurred before July 1, 1985 is considered grandfathered in. Many activities permitted under this part require review by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers and the IEPA.
29	17 IAC 3704 Regulation of Public Water (IDNR regulations for construction in rivers)	Applies to construction activities to be undertaken within the river below normal water stage elevation.
30	35 IAC 724.211 a) and b) (Illinois RCRA Hazardous Waste regulations (Subpart G Closure and Postclosure Care) similar to 40 CFR 264.111)	<u>Closure Performance Standard:</u> The owner or operator must close the facility in a manner that does the following: a) The closure minimizes the need for further maintenance; b) The closure controls, minimizes, or eliminates, to the extent necessary to adequately protect to human health and the environment, post-closure escape of hazardous waste, hazardous constituents, leachate, contaminated run-off, or hazardous decomposition products to the ground or surface waters or to the atmosphere
31	35 IAC 724.212 a) and b) (Illinois RCRA Hazardous Waste regulations (Subpart G Closure and Postclosure Care) similar to 40 CFR 264.112)	<u>Closure Plan:</u> Requires owners of hazardous waste facilities to submit a written closure plan (the approved plan becomes a condition to any RCRA permit). The closure plan describes the steps necessary for final closure. 724.212(a) (2), 724.212(b) (2) and 724.212(b) (4) are substantive requirements.
32	35 IAC 724.214 (Illinois RCRA Hazardous Waste regulations (Subpart G Closure and Postclosure Care) similar to 40 CFR 264.114)	<u>Disposal or Decontamination of Equipment, Structures, and Soil:</u> All contaminated equipment, structures, and soils must be properly disposed of or decontaminated.
33	35 IAC 724.215 (Illinois RCRA Hazardous Waste regulations (Subpart G Closure and Postclosure Care) similar to 40 CFR 264.115)	<u>Certification of Closure:</u> Within 60 days after completion of closure, the owner or operator must submit to the Agency, by registered mail, a certification that the hazardous waste management unit or facility, as applicable, has been closed in accordance with the specifications in the approved closure plan. The certification must be signed by the owner or operator and by an independent registered professional engineer.

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34	35 IAC 724.216 35 IAC 724.409 (Illinois RCRA Hazardous Waste regulations (Subpart G Closure and Postclosure Care and Subpart N Landfills Surveying and Recordkeeping) similar to 40 CFR 264.116; 40 CFR 264.309)	<u>Survey Plat</u> : No later than the submission of the certification of closure of each hazardous waste disposal unit, the owner or operator must submit to any local zoning authority or authority with jurisdiction over local land use and to the Agency and record with land titles, a survey plat indicating the location and dimensions of landfill cells or other hazardous waste disposal units with respect to permanently surveyed benchmarks. This plat must be prepared and certified by a professional land surveyor. The plat filed with the local zoning authority or the authority with jurisdiction over local land use must contain a note, prominently displayed, that states the owner's and operator's obligation to restrict disturbance of the hazardous waste disposal unit in accordance with Subpart G of this Part.
35	35 IAC 724.217 (Illinois RCRA Hazardous Waste regulations (Subpart G Closure and Postclosure Care) similar to 40 CFR 264.117)	<u>Postclosure Care and Use of Property</u> a) Requires a Postclosure Care Period of at least 30 years after completion of closure for the unit b) must require continuation at partial or final closure of any of the security requirements of Section 724.114 during part or all of the post-closure period when either of the following is true: - hazardous wastes may remain exposed after completion of partial or final closure; or - access by the public or domestic livestock may pose a hazard to human health. d) All the post-closure care activities must be in accordance with the provisions of the approved post-closure plan as specified in Section 724.218.
36	35 IAC 724.217 c) (Illinois RCRA Hazardous Waste regulations (Subpart G Closure and Postclosure Care) similar to 40 CFR 264.117)	<u>Postclosure Care and Use of Property</u> c) Post-closure use of property on or in which hazardous wastes remain after closure must never be allowed to disturb the integrity of the final cover unless the Agency determines it is necessary for reasons listed in the regulations
37	35 IAC 724.218 (Illinois RCRA Hazardous Waste regulations (Subpart G Closure and Postclosure Care) similar to 40 CFR 264.118)	<u>Post-Closure Plan</u> The owner must have a written postclosure plan which must identify the activities that will be carried on after closure and the frequency of these activities (including planned monitoring activities and frequencies, planned maintenance activities, and name, address, and phone number of the person or office to contact). The relevant and appropriate requirements in 724.218 are:  724.218(b)(1) and (b)(2) – the post-closure plans must incorporate monitoring and maintenance activities that comply with the substantive requirements of 724 Subparts F and N.

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38	35 IAC 724.219 (Illinois RCRA Hazardous Waste regulations (Subpart G Closure and Postclosure Care) similar to 40 CFR 264.119)	<u>Post-Closure Notices:</u> Requires within 60 days after certification of closure the owner or operator of a disposal facility to submit to the Agency, to the County Recorder and to any local zoning authority or authority, a record of the type, location, and quantity of hazardous wastes disposed (for hazardous wastes disposed of before January 12, 1981, the owner or operator must identify these items to the best of the owner or operator's knowledge and in accordance with any records). In addition, the owner or operator is required to record a notation on the deed to the facility property (or on some other instrument that is normally examined during title search) that will in perpetuity notify any potential purchaser of the property that the land has been used to manage hazardous wastes; its use is restricted; and the survey plat and record of the type, location, and quantity of hazardous wastes disposed been filed with the Agency, the County Recorder and any local zoning authority or authority with jurisdiction over local land use.
39	35 IAC 724.220 (Illinois RCRA Hazardous Waste regulations (Subpart G Closure and Postclosure Care) similar to 40 CFR 264.120)	<u>Certification of Completion of Post-Closure Care:</u> Within 60 days after completion of the established post-closure care period for each hazardous waste disposal unit, the owner or operator must submit to the Agency, by registered mail, a certification that the post-closure care period for the hazardous waste disposal unit was performed in accordance with the specifications in the approved post-closure plan.
40	35 IAC 724.242 – 724.251 (Illinois Hazardous Waste Regulations (Subpart H - Financial Requirements for Closure and Post-Closure Care))	These sections require an owner/operator of a regulated unit to provide cost estimates and financial assurance for both closure and post-closure care.
41	35 IAC 724.410 a)1 – 4 (Illinois RCRA Hazardous Waste regulations (Subpart N Landfills Closure and Postclosure Care) similar to 40 CFR 264.310(a))	At final closure of the landfill or upon closure of any cell, the owner or operator must cover the landfill or cell with a final cover designed and constructed to do the following: 1) Provide long-term minimization of migration of liquids through the closed landfill; 2) Function with minimum maintenance; 3) Promote drainage and minimize erosion or abrasion of the cover; 4) Accommodate settling and subsidence so that the cover's integrity is maintained



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42	35 IAC 724.410 b) 1,4,5,and 6 (Illinois RCRA Hazardous Waste regulations (Subpart N Landfills Closure and Postclosure Care) similar to 40 CFR 264.310(b))	After final closure, the owner or operator must comply with all post-closure requirements contained in Sections 724.217 through 724.220, including maintenance and monitoring throughout the post-closure care period (specified in the permit under Section 724.217). After final closure the owner or operator must do the following: 1) Maintain the integrity and effectiveness of the final cover, including making repairs to the cap as necessary to correct the effects of settling, subsidence, erosion, or other events; 4) Maintain and monitor the groundwater monitoring system and comply with all other applicable requirements of Subpart F of this Part; 5) Prevent run-on and run-off from eroding or otherwise damaging the final cover; and 6) Protect and maintain surveyed benchmarks
43	35 IAC 722.111 (Illinois RCRA Hazardous Waste regulations similar to 40 CFR 262.11)	Characterization of generated waste to determine if it is a hazardous waste. Any person who generates a solid waste must determine if that waste is hazardous by evaluation of whether the waste is excluded from hazardous waste regulation; listed under 35 IAC 721, Subpart D; or exhibits one of the hazardous waste characteristics under 35 IAC 721, Subpart C.
44	40 CFR 761.61 (USEPA TSCA regulations)	Characterization of soils, liquids and decontamination fluids to determine whether they are PCB-remediation waste (as found concentrations of PCBs are 50 ppm or greater).
45	35 IAC 728.109 a) (Illinois RCRA Hazardous Waste regulations similar to 40 CFR 268.7)	Requires a generator to determine whether generated hazardous waste is prohibited from land disposal, including waste codes, treatment standards and underlying hazardous constituents.
46	35 IAC 722.134 (Illinois RCRA Hazardous Waste regulations similar to 40 CFR 262.34)	Allows for storage of hazardous waste in containers for 90 days or less while alleviating the need to meet all the requirements for a container storage area.
47	35 IAC 724.275 (Illinois RCRA Hazardous Waste regulations similar to 40 CFR 264.175)	Design standards for hazardous waste container storage area.
48	35 IAC 724.271 – 279 (Illinois RCRA Hazardous Waste regulations similar to 40 CFR 264.171 – 179)	Requirements for condition, handling, containment, compatibility, and marking containers used to store or treat hazardous waste or environmental media containing a hazardous waste.
49	35 IAC 724.297 (Illinois Hazardous Waste regulations for tank systems)	Requirements for closure and post-closure care of a tank system. Applies to owners and operators of facilities that use tank systems for storing or treating hazardous waste.

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50	35 IAC 724.328 (Illinois Hazardous Waste regulations for surface impoundments)	Applies to owners and operators that use surface impoundments to treat, store, or dispose of hazardous waste.
51	35 IAC 724.653 a) b) d) and e) (Illinois RCRA Hazardous Waste regulations similar to 40 CFR 264.553)	Requirements associated with establishing temporary storage of hazardous waste (hazardous soils, water, and decontamination fluids) in tanks or containers during remediation.
52	35 IAC 724.101 g) (Illinois RCRA Hazardous Waste regulations similar to 40 CFR 264.1(g))	Exemption from RCRA tank standards for tanks that are part of a wastewater treatment unit (tanks used to temporarily store hazardous wastewaters sent to a wastewater treatment facility for treatment on- or off-site).
53	40 CFR 761.65 (USEPA TSCA regulations)	Storage area design and operation requirements for storage of TSCA-regulated PCB-containing wastes for disposal in containers.
54	35 IAC 728.140 a) (Illinois RCRA Hazardous Waste regulations similar to 40 CFR 268.40(a))	Disposal requirement that all hazardous waste or hazardous waste containing media must meet applicable LDR treatment standards prior to disposal.
55	35 IAC 722.130 – 134 (Illinois RCRA Hazardous Waste regulations similar to 40 CFR 262)	Pre-transport requirements requires the generator to package the waste, label each package, mark each package, and placard or offer the initial transporter the appropriate placards in accordance with the U. S. Department of Transportation regulations prior to transporting hazardous waste or offering hazardous waste for transportation off-site.
56	35 IAC 722 and 723 92 IAC 171-178 (Illinois RCRA Hazardous Waste regulations and the Illinois Department of Transportation hazardous material regulations)	For any hazardous waste, all RCRA hazardous waste generator and transporter requirements including administrative requirements (manifests, EPA ID number, etc.) as well as the Illinois Department of Transportation requirement for hazardous materials (which incorporate the US Department of Transportation hazardous material regulations) would apply.
57	35 IAC 742 (Illinois Tiered Approach to Corrective Action Objectives)	Sets forth procedures for evaluating the risk to human health posed by environmental conditions and developing remediation objectives that achieve acceptable risk levels based upon site-specific conditions.
58	35 IAC 101-104 (Illinois Construction and Demolition Landfill Citing Restrictions)	Requirements for landfilling construction and demolition debris.
59	35 IAC 1100 (Illinois Clean Construction or Demolition Debris Fill Operations)	Applies to all clean construction or demolition debris (CCDD) fill operations that are required to be permitted in a current or former quarry, mine or other excavation.

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60	35 IAC 306.302 (Illinois Performance Criteria – Expansion of Combined Sewer Service)	The expansion of existing or establishment of new combined sewer service areas is prohibited, except when approved by Agency in accordance with the provisions in this section.
61	35 IAC 307.1101 (Illinois sewer discharge criteria)	Prohibition against discharge of certain types of pollutants into a Publicly Owned Treatment Works.
62	35 IAC 807 Subpart C (Illinois Sanitary Landfills)	Final cover (807.305(a)); Prohibitions against open burning (807.311), air pollution (807.312), water pollution (807.313) and waters of the state (807.315); and, requirements for implementation of closure requirements (807.318).
63	35 IAC 807 Subpart E (Illinois Closure and Post-Closure Care)	All sections
64	35 IAC 807 Subpart F (Financial Assurance for Closure and Post-closure care)	All sections
65	35 IAC 809 (Illinois Special Waste Hauling regulations)	For wastes that meet the definition of a Special Waste (35 IAC 808) in Illinois, the special waste regulations, including administrative requirements, relating to manifesting and transport would apply.
66	35 IAC 811.107 (New Solid Waste Landfills - Operating Standards)	New landfills must not accept solid waste from vehicles that do not utilize devices such as cover or tarpaulins to control litter. Trucks exiting or entering the site(s) with solid waste must be tarped.
67	35 IAC 811.111 (New Solid Waste Landfills Post-closure Maintenance)	This section describes post-closure maintenance activities including the specification of inspection frequencies; filling of rills, gullies or crevices; repair of eroded and scoured drainage channels; filling of holes and depressions; revegetation of reworked surfaces or eroded vegetation of 100 sq ft; and, identification of planned uses of the property.
68	35 IAC 811.314 (New Solid Waste Landfill - Final Cover System)	This section provides standards for low permeability and final protective layers of a new solid waste landfill.
69	35 IAC 811.319 (New Solid Waste Landfill - Groundwater Monitoring Program)	Requires groundwater monitoring to continue for 15 years after closure, or in the case of MSWLF units, a minimum of 30 years after closure. Quarterly monitoring is required for 5 years and semi-annual after that.

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70	765 ILCS 122/1 et seq. Illinois' Uniform Environmental Covenants Act.	An owner or owners of real property may voluntarily enter into an environmental covenant, as a grantor of an interest in the real property, with an agency and, if appropriate, one or more holders. No owner, agency, or other person shall be required to enter into an environmental covenant as part of an environmental response project; provided, however, that (i) failure to enter into an environmental covenant may result in disapproval of the environmental response project; and (ii) once the owner, agency, or other person assumes obligations in an environmental covenant they must comply with those obligations of the environmental covenant in accordance with this Act.